



PRIMARY PROGRAMS REPORT

OFFICE OF PROGRAM SERVICES
RESEARCH AND POLICY UNIT

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INTRODUCTION

The Wisconsin Department of Corrections (DOC) Research and Policy Unit and the Division of Adult Institutions (DAI) Office of Program Services are pleased to share the results of an outcome evaluation of all DAI primary treatment and education programs assigned upon intake to DAI. As part of the DOC’s mission statement to “provide opportunities for positive change and success,” DAI provides programming opportunities to persons in our care that will further enhance reentry efforts and successful reintegration into the community. When individuals enter prison their risk level and criminogenic needs are assessed. Criminogenic needs identify major factors associated with risky thinking, decision making, and behavior. Through the use of treatment and educational programming, these needs can be met to reduce a person’s risk for reoffending.

Since 2010, the percentage of persons in our care who were enrolled in at least one primary treatment or education program has increased by 8.3 percentage points. Within the same time frame, the percentage of persons in our care who completed programming has increased by 12.2 percentage points. In 2019, DOC saw 10-year highs for enrollment and completion rates. Moreover, as this report highlights, persons in our care who complete primary treatment or education programming prior to release tend to have lower rearrest, reconviction, and reincarceration rates.

Release Year	Total Releases	At Least One Enrollment		At Least One Completion	
		#	%	#	%
2010	8,599	5,138	59.8%	3,818	44.4%
2011	7,726	4,988	64.6%	3,775	48.9%
2012	7,563	4,819	63.7%	3,693	48.8%
2013	7,712	4,906	63.6%	3,768	48.9%
2014	7,580	5,066	66.8%	4,061	53.6%
2015	7,508	5,093	67.8%	3,986	53.1%
2016	7,870	5,330	67.7%	4,160	52.9%
2017	7,875	5,337	67.8%	4,238	53.8%
2018	8,318	5,615	67.5%	4,594	55.2%
2019	8,495	5,786	68.1%	4,787	56.4%

This outcome evaluation examined three recidivism outcomes (rearrest, reconviction, and reincarceration) for a sample of individuals who completed treatment and education programs while in prison. Individuals who successfully completed a program and were released from prison between 2010 and 2019 were compared to a similar control group. Control groups were created using a statistical method called propensity score matching (PSM), and only included persons in our care who were identified as having a need in the program of interest, but were never enrolled in the program. To ensure the individuals in the control groups were similar to those who completed programs for a variety of characteristics, a random sample of those who completed programs was included in the evaluation. This allowed the matching process to draw from a larger pool of individuals to create control groups more similar to the groups of program completers.

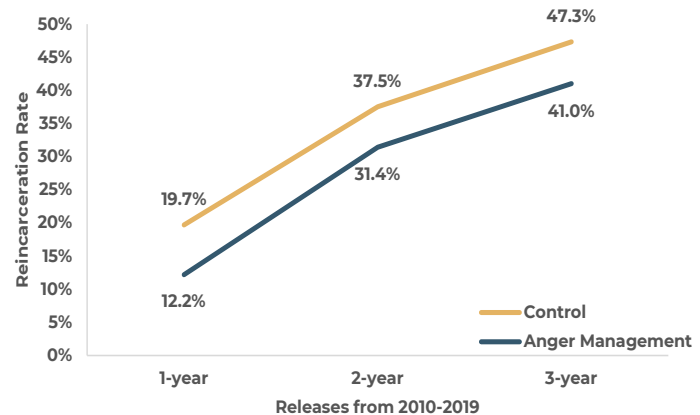
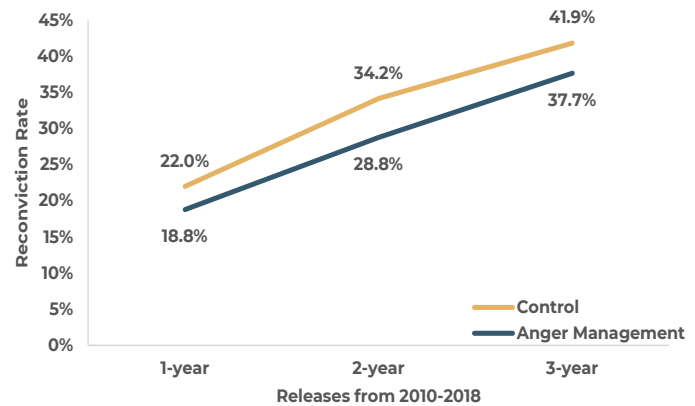
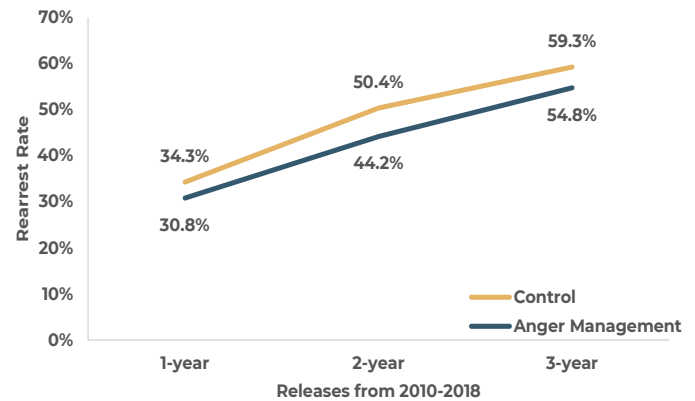
While the analyses provided in this report show positive outcomes among those who completed DAI treatment and education programs in comparison to similar control groups, it is important to note that the data was collected during a time of significant change to DAI programs. In 2014, DAI made a transition to standardizing program curricula for Substance Use Disorder, Domestic Violence, Anger Management, and Cognitive Behavioral programs across all DAI facilities. DAI also standardized a formal approval process in which all Career Technical Education programs are reviewed prior to implementation to ensure that all programs offered are aligned with the job market and successful employment opportunities for participants. Because of this work, DAI anticipates that future outcome data will continue to show decreased recidivism rates for program participants.

ANGER MANAGEMENT

ANGER MANAGEMENT

Anger Management is a program designed to address the needs of individuals whose aggressive behaviors tend to be impulsive and reactive rather than instrumental and pre-planned. In addition to concepts such as cognitive restructuring, Anger Management programs teach participants cognitive and interpersonal skills to deter and replace violent behaviors. These skills include stress management, impulse control strategies, assertiveness skills, communication skills, identifying personal anger precursors (thoughts and situations that provoke angry reactions), and handling criticism and provocation. Lessons are presented by trained staff to groups of 8 to 14 participants. Group sessions are generally 90 to 120 minutes in length, held twice a week. Anger Management is offered both as a stand-alone program and/or as a component of other programs. Anger Management is offered in both male and female institutions.

Persons in our care who completed Anger Management programming had lower rearrest, reconviction, and reincarceration rates after one, two, and three years compared to their peers who were identified as having an Anger Management need, but who did not receive programming. See Appendix B, Tables 1-3 for tables displaying the number of releases, recidivists, and recidivism rates by release year.

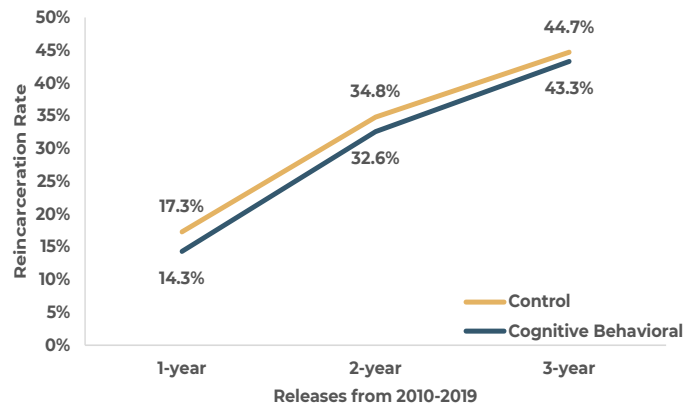
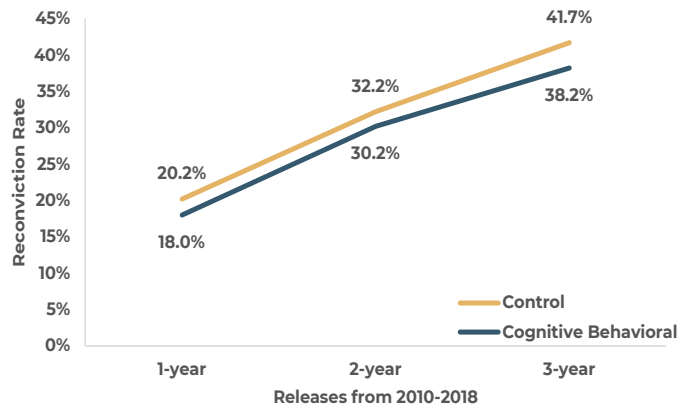
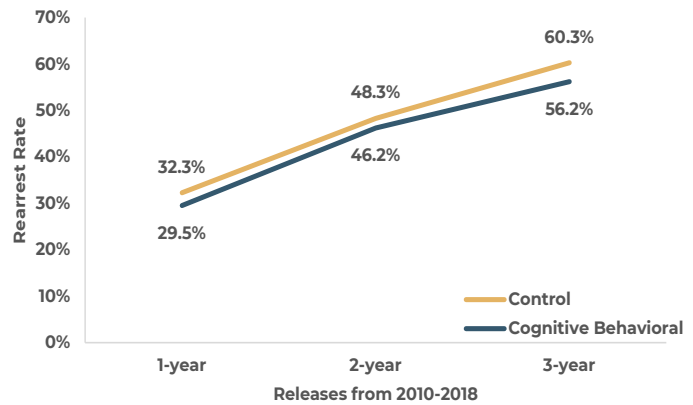


COGNITIVE BEHAVIORAL

COGNITIVE BEHAVIORAL

Cognitive Behavioral programs (such as Thinking for a Change, Dialectical Behavior Therapy, and Moving On) often combine cognitive restructuring theory with cognitive skills theory to help individuals in the justice system take control of their lives by taking control of their thinking. Lessons are facilitated by a variety of trained staff to groups of 8 to 14 participants. Group sessions are generally 90 minutes in length and are held two to three times a week. In order to successfully complete the program, participants must actively participate in groups, satisfactorily complete all practice work assignments, and demonstrate they have acquired specific skills taught in the program. Cognitive Behavioral programs are offered both as stand-alone programs and/or as part of a component of other programs. Cognitive Behavioral programs are offered in both male and female institutions.

Persons in our care who completed Cognitive Behavioral programming had lower rearrest, conviction, and reincarceration rates after one, two, and three years compared to their peers who were identified as having a cognitive behavioral need, but who did not receive programming. See Appendix B, Tables 4-6 for tables displaying the number of releases, recidivists, and recidivism rates by release year.



DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

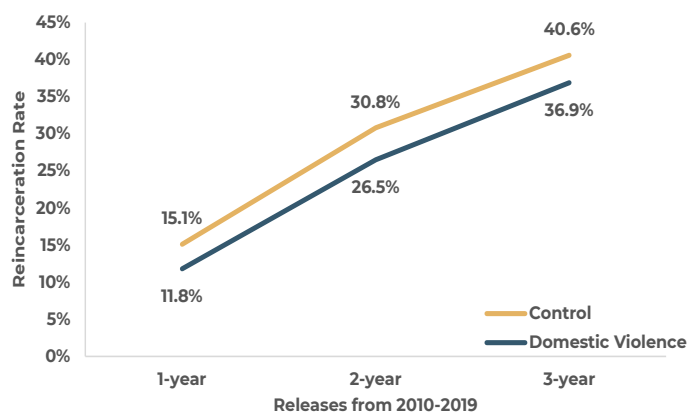
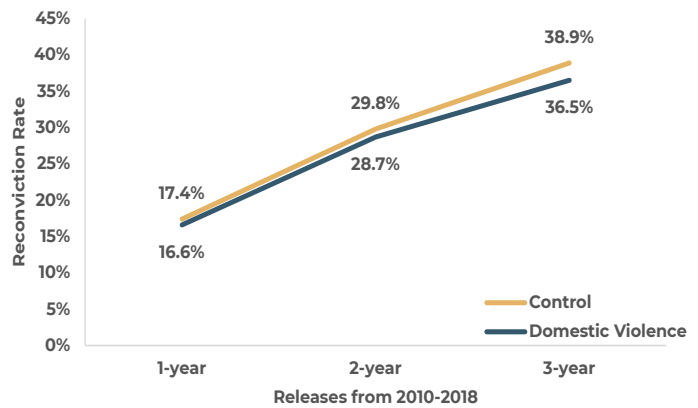
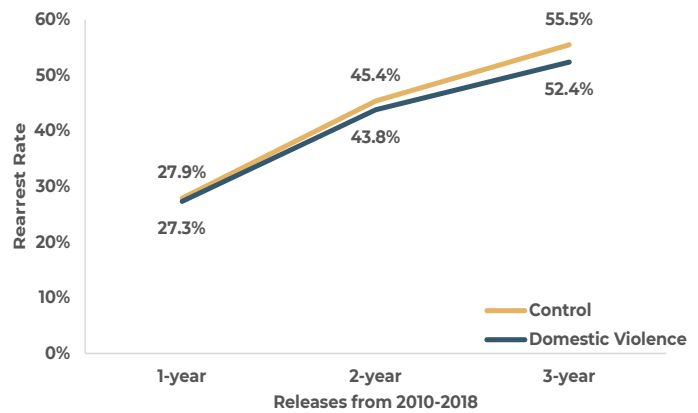
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

Domestic Violence programs such as Alternatives and Treatment for Abusive Men (ATAM), the Duluth Model, and Domestic Violence-Thinking for a Change are designed for male persons in our care who have shown a pattern of abuse/violence toward their significant and intimate partners. Curricula are designed to help participants identify thoughts, attitudes, and beliefs that have justified violence and enabled them to be abusive to their partners. Programs aim to teach skills to change participants' thoughts/beliefs that have led to their abusive behaviors. A major program objective is for the participant to be able to identify alternative beliefs and intervention strategies to end their abusive behaviors as well as learn and demonstrate non-abusive and non-controlling behaviors.

Violence in Relationships is a cognitive behavioral-based program for female persons in our care that identifies the different types of domestic abuse and factors in our society that contribute to the problem of domestic violence. This program also covers issues including why victims stay in abusive relationships and the impact of domestic violence on the family. Violence in Relationships allows women to work through treatment needs as they relate to being perpetrators of domestic violence, as well as victims of domestic violence, because in many situations, both are applicable for the female persons in our care who have a domestic violence program need.

All Domestic Violence programs are presented by trained facilitators to groups of 8 to 14 participants. Group sessions are approximately 90 minutes in length, and are held two to three times per week.

Persons in our care who completed Domestic Violence programming had lower rearrest, conviction, and reincarceration rates after one, two, and three years compared to their peers who were identified as having a domestic violence need, but who did not receive programming. See Appendix B, Tables 7-9 for tables displaying the number of releases, recidivists, and recidivism rates by release year.



CHALLENGE INCARCERATION PROGRAM

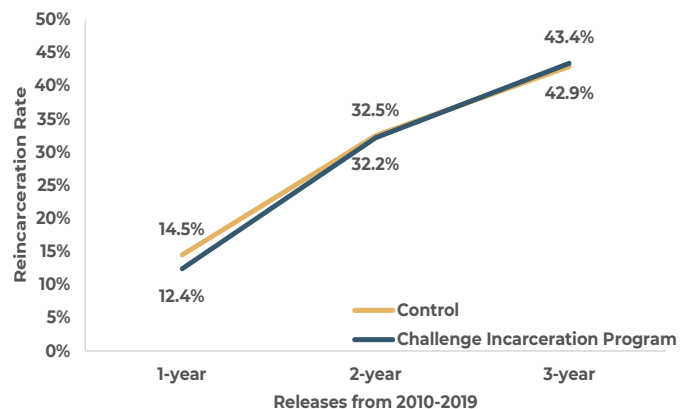
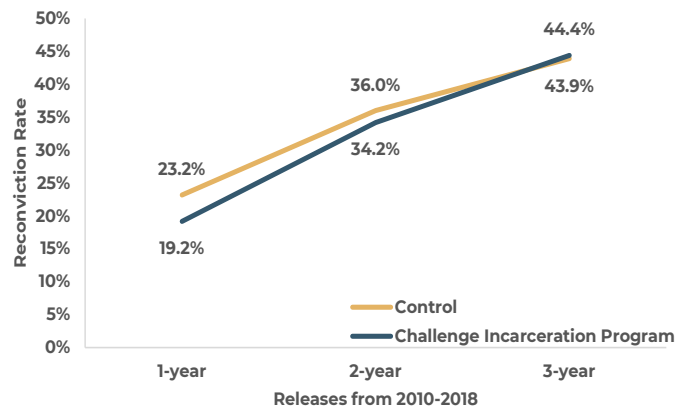
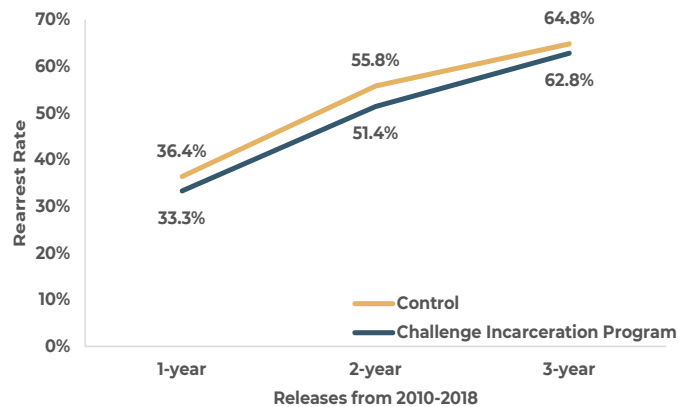
CHALLENGE INCARCERATION PROGRAM

The Challenge Incarceration Program (CIP) is a statutorily established program that allows judges to sentence non-violent, non-assaultive individuals with substance use needs to this full-time intensive program that combines physical fitness and well-being with substance use disorder treatment. The program was designed to focus on the whole person and encourage mental, emotional, and physical well-being for program participants. Program components are structured around treatment, health, and well-being. CIP is offered to both male and female persons in our care.

CIP for male participants began the program redesign process in 2016, and the redesign was completed in 2018. The program redesign included several steps taken to ensure adherence to evidence-based programming practices, including the incorporation of quality assurance measures, evidence-based program curricula, Core Correctional Practices training for all CIP staff, and updates to the CIP policy and handbook. Components of CIP include physical fitness, work assignments designed to give back to the community, individualized educational programming, individualized and group substance use disorder treatment, cognitive-based programming, and military activities to promote self-discipline and self-efficacy.

CIP for female persons in our care was redesigned in 2019, and changes were made to the program to ensure the program is gender responsive. Female persons in our care who participate in CIP are provided substance use disorder treatment, trauma treatment, and cognitive behavioral treatment, as well as participate in physical activity and drill and ceremony on a daily basis. CIP provides trauma-informed treatment that responds to the unique strengths, needs, and challenges faced by women.

Persons in our care who completed CIP had lower rearrest rates after one, two, and three years; and lower reconviction and reincarceration rates after one and two years compared to their peers who met the CIP eligibility criteria, but who did not receive programming. See Appendix B, Tables 10-12 for tables displaying the number of releases, recidivists, and recidivism rates by release year.

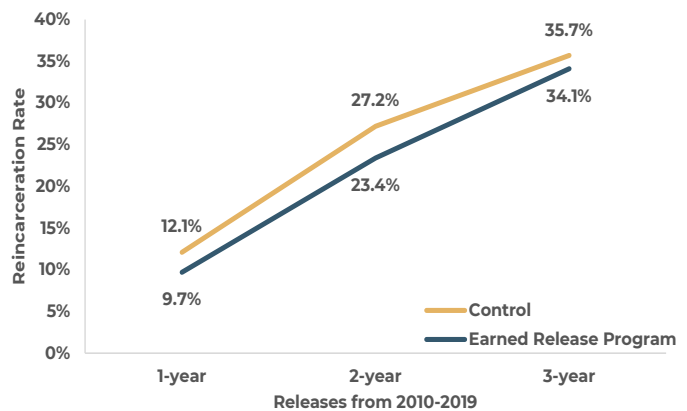
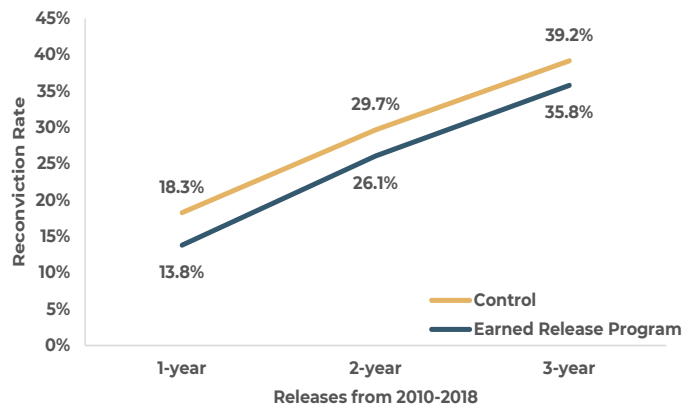
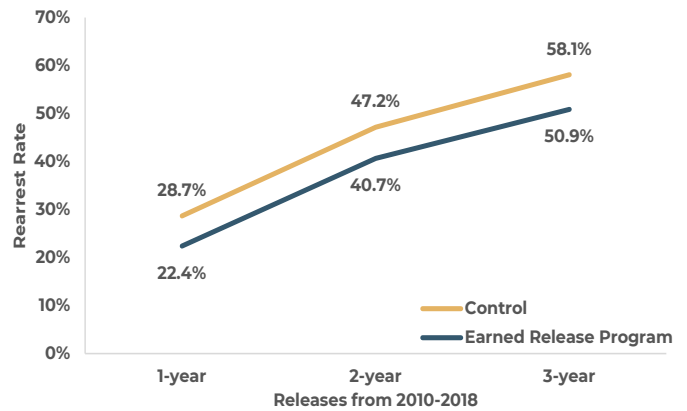


EARNED RELEASE PROGRAM

EARNED RELEASE PROGRAM

The Earned Release Program (ERP) addresses criminal thinking and substance use disorders. Driven by statute similar to CIP, ERP allows judges to sentence non-violent, non-assaultive individuals with substance use needs to this full-time, intensive program designed to reduce the incidence of future criminal behaviors. The program's mission is to enhance safety in the community by providing a continuum of substance use disorder services. At its core, ERP treatment modules include cognitive-based substance use programming, and cognitive behavioral-based curricula (such as the National Institute of Corrections' Thinking for a Change curriculum for the male population, or the Moving On curriculum for the female population), which address cognitive restructuring, social skill building, and problem solving. ERP consists of both core and ancillary/supplemental programming. Ancillary programming may consist of other primary treatment programs such as Anger Management, Employability, and Domestic Violence, as well as additional cognitive-based/cognitive-informed groups to meet dosage recommendations. All participants entering ERP are assigned core programming that addresses their criminogenic needs, identified by the COMPAS assessment tool. Community reintegration is a primary focus throughout the program, connecting persons in our care with their respective Probation and Parole agents during each program phase. ERP is facilitated by certified substance use counselors and overseen by a clinical supervisor. ERP is offered to both male and female persons in our care.

Persons in our care who completed ERP had lower rearrest, reconviction, and reincarceration rates after one, two, and three years compared to their peers who met the ERP eligibility criteria, but who did not receive programming. See Appendix B, Tables 13-15 for tables displaying the number of releases, recidivists, and recidivism rates by release year.

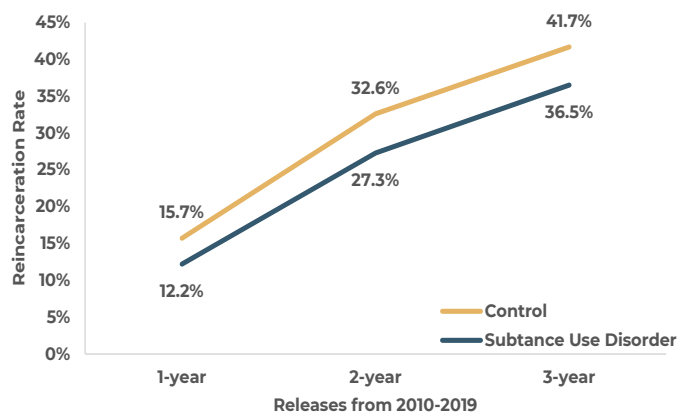
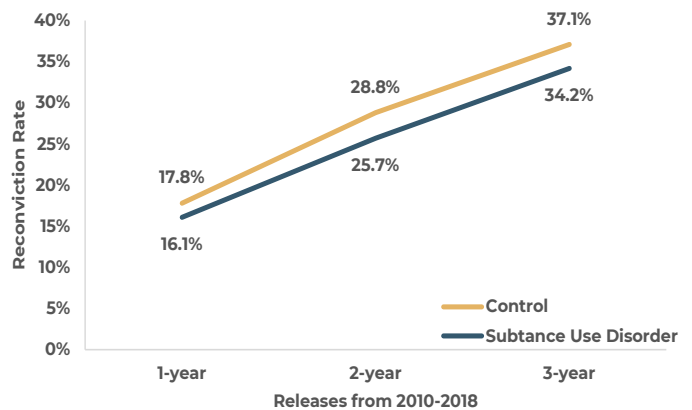
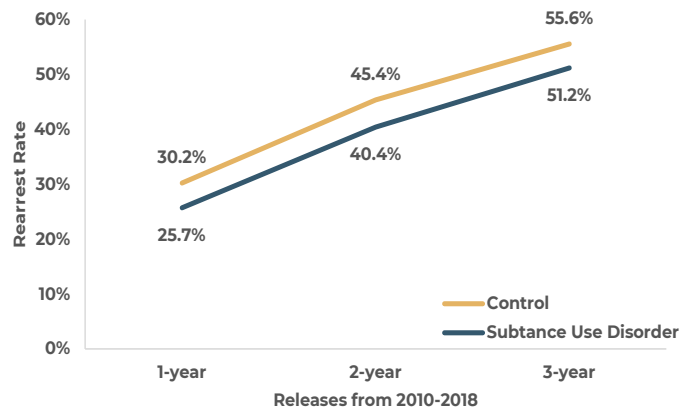


SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER

SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER

Substance Use Disorder programming addresses risky thinking and substance use that could lead to criminal behavior. The program’s mission is to enhance safety in the community by providing a continuum of substance use treatment services. Substance Use Disorder programming is offered in both the male and female systems. This program consists of core components and may include additional (ancillary) groups for moderate to high risk offenders. Core components currently include Cognitive-Based Program (CBP) and Substance Use Disorder components. Ancillary groups may consist of other primary programs such as Anger Management, Employability, and Domestic Violence, as well as additional cognitive-based/cognitive-informed groups to meet dosage recommendations. Substance Use Disorder programs are facilitated by certified substance use counselors and overseen by a clinical supervisor with groups of 8 to 14 participants. This program is offered to both male and female persons in our care.

Persons in our care who completed Substance Use Disorder programming had lower rearrest, reconviction, and reincarceration rates after one, two, and three years compared to their peers who were identified as having a substance use disorder need, but who did not receive programming. The Substance Use Disorder program group excludes those who completed ERP or CIP (described earlier in the report). See Appendix B, Tables 16-18 for tables displaying the number of releases, recidivists, and recidivism rates by release year.



SEX OFFENDER TREATMENT

SEX OFFENDER TREATMENT

DAI offers the following sex offender treatment (SOT) programs to reduce an individual's risk of future sexual and sexually-related offending.

Sex Offender Treatment-1

SOT-1 is a short-term treatment program designed for persons in our care assessed to be at a low risk to sexually reoffend and who have a relatively low number of treatment needs. It consists of 9 to 12 sessions for a total of at least 18 hours of treatment. The treatment covers topics such as recognizing emotions, writing a thinking report, cognitive errors and distortions, healthy relationships, managing dynamic risk factors, consent, healthy sexuality, safe sex, and coping with community supervision. Both written homework assignments and group participation are expected. SOT-1 is facilitated by trained mental health staff. Successful group completion involves completing homework assignments, participating in group discussions, and recognizing risk factors.

Sex Offender Treatment-2

SOT-2 consists of 80 to 100 hours of treatment and is designed for persons in our care assessed to have an average risk to sexually reoffend and who have an average number of treatment needs. The group typically lasts for 6 to 12 months and meets once or twice a week. Treatment focuses on recognizing risk factors and implementing strategies and behaviors to minimize future risk to sexually reoffend. Completion of all required tasks related to a participant's risk factors and the development of a re-offense prevention plan that addresses those risk factors is required. The group is facilitated by trained mental health staff and treats 12-15 participants. SOT-2 is offered to both male and female persons in our care.

- SOT-2 Adaptive: This group is a modification of SOT-2 for participants who have cognitive or adaptive deficits identified by psychological testing who have been assessed as average risk with average needs.
- SOT-2 LEP: This adaptation of the SOT-2 program is for adult males who demonstrate limited English proficiency such that it would impair their abilities to participate in standard SOT-2 and who have been identified through the assessment process as average risk with average needs. The group is conducted in the individual's primary language or facilitated through the use of interpreters.

Sex Offender Treatment-4

SOT-4 consists of up to 400 hours of treatment and is designed for persons in our care assessed to have an above average risk to sexually reoffend with average or greater treatment needs. The group typically lasts for two years or longer. The program is currently offered at the Oshkosh Correctional Institution and the Racine Correctional Institution. Treatment focuses on recognizing risk factors and implementing strategies and behaviors to minimize future risk to sexually reoffend. Participants are expected to complete all tasks associated with managing and reducing their risk factors and develop a re-offense prevention plan.

- SOT-4 Adaptive: This group is a modification of SOT-4 for participants who have cognitive or adaptive deficits identified by psychological testing who have been assessed as above average risk with average or greater needs via approved assessment measures.
- SOT-4 LEP: This adaptation of the SOT-4 program is for adult males who demonstrate limited English proficiency such that it would impair their abilities to participate in standard SOT-4 and who have been identified through the assessment process as above average risk with average or greater needs. The group is conducted in the individual's primary language or facilitated through the use of interpreters.

SEX OFFENDER TREATMENT

Sex Offender Treatment- Child Pornography Offenses

SOT-CPO consists of 60 to 80 hours of treatment and is designed for persons in our care whose use of child sexual exploitation materials results in convictions for possession of child pornography in the absence of other contact sexual offenses, as identified in the assessment process with identifiable treatment needs. Treatment focuses on recognizing risk factors and implementing strategies and behaviors to minimize future risk to sexually reoffend. Completion of all required tasks related to a participant’s risk factors and the development of a re-offense prevention plan that addresses those risk factors is required.

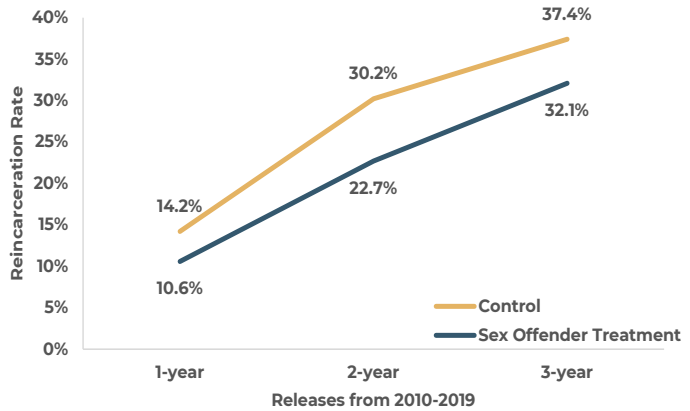
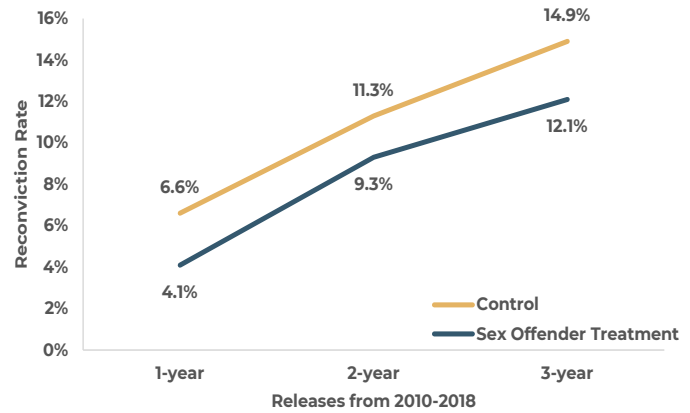
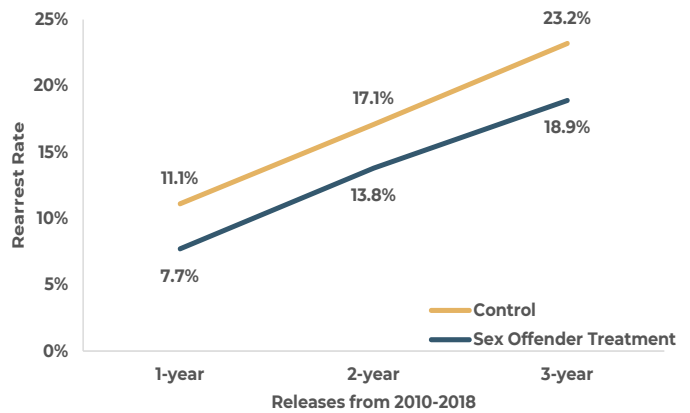
Sex Offender Treatment-Aftercare

SOT-Aftercare is designed to help persons in our care maintain skills developed in other sex offender programming or other treatment contexts. Guided by their re-offense prevention plan, participants practice applying skills they have learned to real life situations.

Sex Offender Treatment- Alternative to Revocation

SOT- Alternative to Revocation consists of 48 hours of treatment and is designed for persons in our care who are identified as having one or more dynamic risk factors that are unmanaged as evidenced by sexually motivated community supervision rule violations. After successful completion of the group participants receive individualized discharge recommendations so they can better manage their risk factors in the community.

Persons in our care who completed Sex Offender Treatment programming had lower rearrest, reconviction, and reincarceration rates after one, two, and three years compared to their peers who were identified as having a sex offender treatment need, but who did not receive programming. See Appendix B, Tables 19-21 for tables displaying the number of releases, recidivists, and recidivism rates by release year.



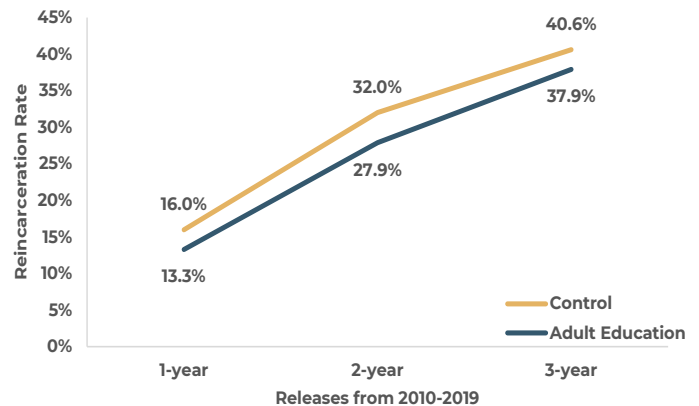
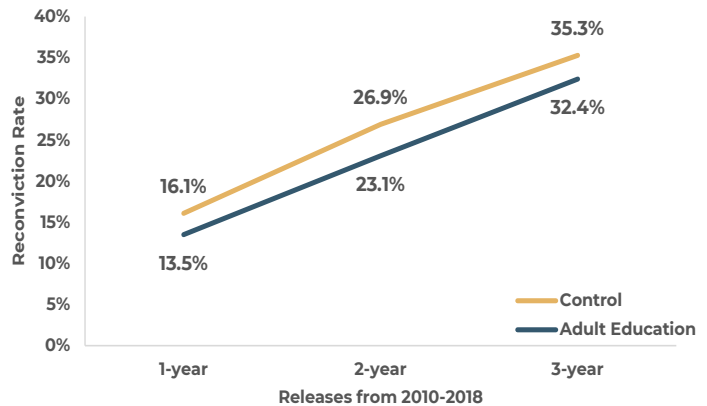
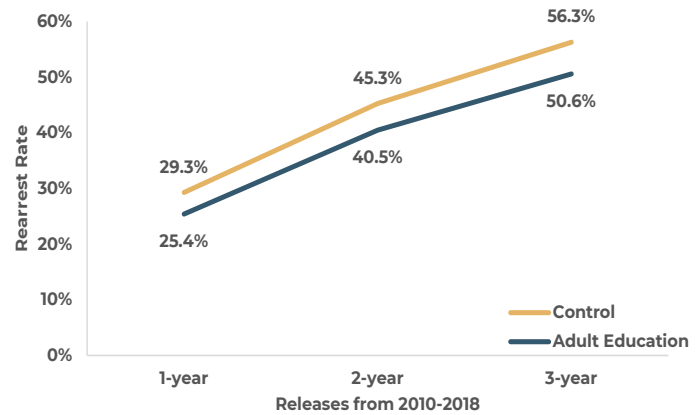
ADULT EDUCATION

ADULT EDUCATION

Most DAI institutions offer instruction to prepare persons in our care for the High School Equivalency Diploma (HSED). Instruction is provided in each of the areas which comprise the HSED: Citizenship/Civics, Employability Skills, Health, Mathematics, Science, Social Studies, and Reasoning Through Language Arts.

Upon completion, students receive a Wisconsin High School Equivalency Diploma or General Education Diploma issued by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction.

Persons in our care who completed educational programming had lower rearrest, reconversion, and reincarceration rates after one, two, and three years compared to their peers who were identified as having an educational need, but who did not receive programming. See Appendix B, Tables 22-24 for tables displaying the number of releases, recidivists, and recidivism rates by release year.

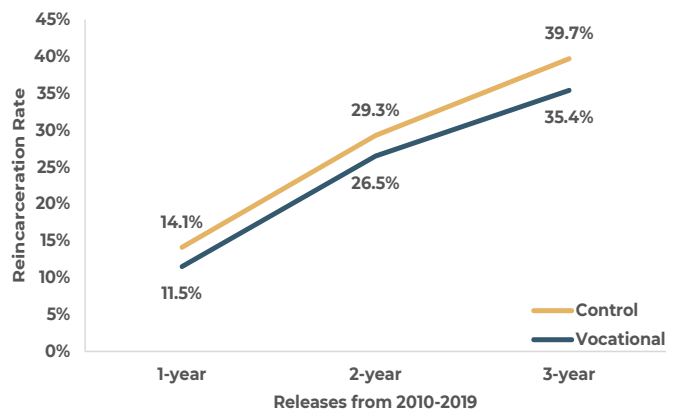
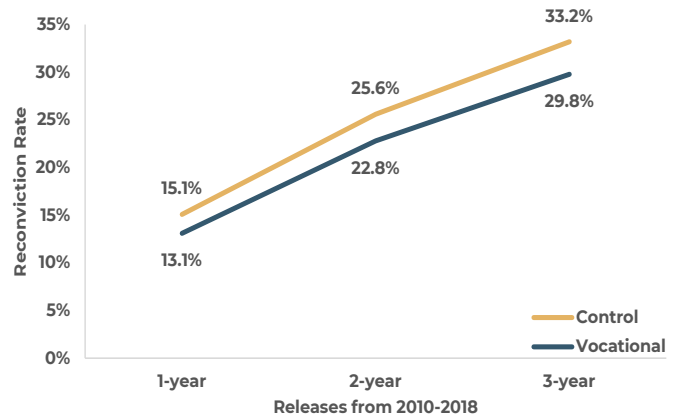
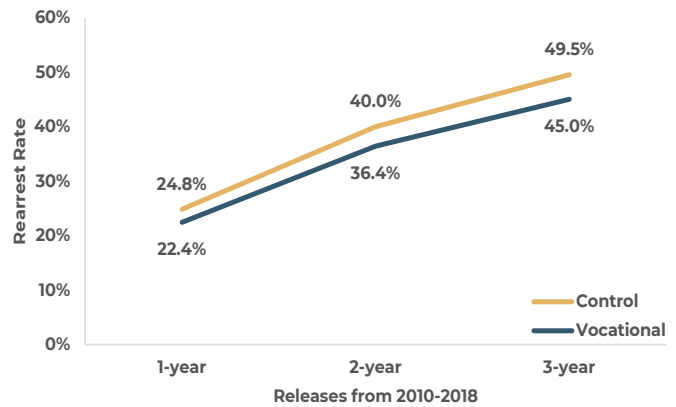


CAREER TECHNICAL EDUCATION

CAREER TECHNICAL EDUCATION (VOCATIONAL)

In collaboration with the Wisconsin Technical College System, persons in our care are provided with credit bearing Career Technical Educational training opportunities for both men and women in several DAI facilities. New program opportunities vary and are based on local job markets, area technical college program offerings, and available resources at each DAI center or institution. Programs offered include: Baking, Building Maintenance and Construction, Barbering/Cosmetology, Business Operations Certificate, Cabinetry, Masonry, Auto Maintenance, Computer Assisted Drafting, Computer Numerical Control, Construction Essentials, Customer Service, Food Service/Culinary Arts, Horticulture, Machine Tool Operations, Marine, Motorcycle and Outdoor Power Products Small Engine Repair, Welding, Dog Training/Grooming, Electromechanical Technology, Braille Transcription, Office Software Applications, Multi-Occupational Aide, Industrial Maintenance Mechanics, Practical Computer Skills, Electrical (Pre-Apprenticeship), and Custodial Service.

Persons in our care who completed vocational programming had lower rearrest, reconviction, and reincarceration rates after one, two, and three years compared to their peers who were identified as having a vocational programming need, but who did not receive programming. See Appendix B, Tables 25-27 for tables displaying the number of releases, recidivists, and recidivism rates by release year.



APPENDIX A: METHODOLOGY

There are three key components involved in recidivism rate calculations:

STARTING POINT

The starting point is the criteria that defines the cohort, or the group of individuals being examined to see if they recidivated. For example, cohorts can be defined by release year or the year an individual's supervision begins. This report defines cohorts by release year for all three measures of recidivism.

FOLLOW-UP PERIOD

The follow-up period is the timeframe in which an individual has the opportunity to engage in a recidivism event. The standard timeframe used for follow-up periods is three years, by other follow-up periods (one, two, five, ten years) are common as well. To accurately measure recidivism rates, all individuals in the cohort must have the same amount of follow-up time. One-, two-, and three-year follow-up periods are included in this report for all three measures of recidivism.

RECIDIVISM EVENT

The recidivism event is the event that identifies whether and when recidivism occurred. Some commonly used recidivism events are arrest, new conviction, new prison sentence, and admission to prison. The WI DOC measures recidivism using three different events. The date of the recidivism event varies between these definitions, as well.



It is important to note what starting point, follow-up period, and recidivism event are being used when comparing recidivism rates from other states, as rates are not directly comparable when any one of these components are different. For more information on recidivism within WI DOC, please read the Recidivism Report.

PROPENSITY SCORE MATCHING

A statistical method called propensity score matching (PSM) was used to create control groups for each analysis. The control group for each program was drawn from a pool of persons in our care who were identified as having a need in the program of interest, but who were never enrolled in the program. In order to draw enough individuals with characteristics that matched those in the treatment group, a pool of non-participants at least four times larger than the treatment group was needed. Because most programs had a large number of individuals who had completed each program, a random sample of program completers was drawn for inclusion in the evaluation. This allowed a larger group of non-participants to be used for the PSM, resulting in a control group that consisted of individuals who were matched closely with those in each treatment group. Individuals in the treatment and control groups were matched on gender, race, education, marital status, mental health status, age at release, years incarcerated, total number of prior incarcerations, recidivism risk level, custody level, most serious offense category, release year, and other programming needs and enrollment. We required an exact match on release year. That means that individuals who completed a program and released in 2016 could only match with individuals who were not enrolled in the same program and who released in 2016.

APPENDIX B: TABLES

Table 1: Anger Management Completion Rearrest Rate Comparison

Completed Anger Management									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	124	47	37.9%	124	63	50.8%	124	76	61.3%
2011	102	28	27.5%	101	39	38.6%	101	49	48.5%
2012	117	31	26.5%	116	47	40.5%	116	58	50.0%
2013	135	44	32.6%	134	69	51.5%	134	78	58.2%
2014	166	49	29.5%	166	71	42.8%	166	86	51.8%
2015	202	54	26.7%	201	83	41.3%	201	107	53.2%
2016	223	63	28.3%	222	98	44.1%	221	128	57.9%
2017	206	54	26.2%	205	91	44.4%	-	-	-
2018	204	85	41.7%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,479	455	30.8%	1,269	561	44.2%	1,063	582	54.8%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	124	50	40.3%	124	65	52.4%	124	76	61.3%
2011	102	28	27.5%	102	44	43.1%	101	53	52.5%
2012	116	39	33.6%	116	57	49.1%	116	67	57.8%
2013	134	42	31.3%	134	66	49.3%	134	76	56.7%
2014	167	52	31.1%	166	88	53.0%	166	109	65.7%
2015	203	71	35.0%	201	102	50.7%	200	121	60.5%
2016	225	81	36.0%	223	114	51.1%	221	128	57.9%
2017	206	76	36.9%	205	105	51.2%	-	-	-
2018	199	68	34.2%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,476	507	34.3%	1,271	641	50.4%	1,062	630	59.3%

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Table 2: Anger Management Completion Reconviction Rate Comparison

Completed Anger Management									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Reconviction		# of Releases	Reconviction		# of Releases	Reconviction	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	124	21	16.9%	124	31	25.0%	124	45	36.3%
2011	102	16	15.7%	101	25	24.8%	101	31	30.7%
2012	117	23	19.7%	116	33	28.4%	116	44	37.9%
2013	135	23	17.0%	134	40	29.9%	134	51	38.1%
2014	166	38	22.9%	166	57	34.3%	166	67	40.4%
2015	202	30	14.9%	201	53	26.4%	201	74	36.8%
2016	223	51	22.9%	222	69	31.1%	221	89	40.3%
2017	206	37	18.0%	205	57	27.8%	-	-	-
2018	204	39	19.1%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,479	278	18.8%	1,269	365	28.8%	1,063	401	37.7%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Reconviction		# of Releases	Reconviction		# of Releases	Reconviction	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	124	25	20.2%	124	41	33.1%	124	54	43.5%
2011	102	26	25.5%	102	38	37.3%	101	45	44.6%
2012	116	19	16.4%	116	37	31.9%	116	41	35.3%
2013	134	30	22.4%	134	44	32.8%	134	57	42.5%
2014	167	37	22.2%	166	59	35.5%	166	72	43.4%
2015	203	43	21.2%	201	68	33.8%	200	83	41.5%
2016	225	50	22.2%	223	74	33.2%	221	93	42.1%
2017	206	59	28.6%	205	74	36.1%	-	-	-
2018	199	36	18.1%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,476	325	22.0%	1,271	435	34.2%	1,062	445	41.9%

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Table 3: Anger Management Completion Reincarceration Rate Comparison

Completed Anger Management									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	124	16	12.9%	124	37	29.8%	124	52	41.9%
2011	102	9	8.8%	101	27	26.7%	101	36	35.6%
2012	117	18	15.4%	116	39	33.6%	116	46	39.7%
2013	135	14	10.4%	134	36	26.9%	134	49	36.6%
2014	166	18	10.8%	166	58	34.9%	166	66	39.8%
2015	202	27	13.4%	201	55	27.4%	201	81	40.3%
2016	223	30	13.5%	222	80	36.0%	221	105	47.5%
2017	206	20	9.7%	205	66	32.2%	204	85	41.7%
2018	204	28	13.7%	201	63	31.3%	-	-	-
2019	207	25	12.1%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,686	205	12.2%	1,470	461	31.4%	1,267	520	41.0%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	124	29	23.4%	124	49	39.5%	124	57	46.0%
2011	102	19	18.6%	102	42	41.2%	101	50	49.5%
2012	116	22	19.0%	116	38	32.8%	116	42	36.2%
2013	134	28	20.9%	134	57	42.5%	134	69	51.5%
2014	167	20	12.0%	166	52	31.3%	166	71	42.8%
2015	203	47	23.2%	201	82	40.8%	200	98	49.0%
2016	225	50	22.2%	223	85	38.1%	221	111	50.2%
2017	206	47	22.8%	205	83	40.5%	205	101	49.3%
2018	199	39	19.6%	197	63	32.0%	-	-	-
2019	207	31	15.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,683	332	19.7%	1,468	551	37.5%	1,267	599	47.3%

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Table 4: Cognitive Behavioral Completion Rearrest Rate Comparison

Completed Cognitive Behavioral									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	178	42	23.6%	178	83	46.6%	176	103	58.5%
2011	167	40	24.0%	166	65	39.2%	165	83	50.3%
2012	142	43	30.3%	141	71	50.4%	141	85	60.3%
2013	156	46	29.5%	156	75	48.1%	156	88	56.4%
2014	378	103	27.2%	376	164	43.6%	376	200	53.2%
2015	523	157	30.0%	520	239	46.0%	520	293	56.3%
2016	550	174	31.6%	545	267	49.0%	543	316	58.2%
2017	477	138	28.9%	477	218	45.7%	-	-	-
2018	471	155	32.9%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	3,042	898	29.5%	2,559	1,182	46.2%	2,077	1,168	56.2%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	178	61	34.3%	178	102	57.3%	178	127	71.3%
2011	167	47	28.1%	166	69	41.6%	164	93	56.7%
2012	142	42	29.6%	142	73	51.4%	141	87	61.7%
2013	157	58	36.9%	157	77	49.0%	157	96	61.1%
2014	376	135	35.9%	375	198	52.8%	374	242	64.7%
2015	528	162	30.7%	525	246	46.9%	524	297	56.7%
2016	545	167	30.6%	543	260	47.9%	539	310	57.5%
2017	477	144	30.2%	471	211	44.8%	-	-	-
2018	467	166	35.5%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	3,037	982	32.3%	2,557	1,236	48.3%	2,077	1,252	60.3%

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Table 5: Cognitive Behavioral Completion Reconviction Rate Comparison

Completed Cognitive Behavioral									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Reconviction		# of Releases	Reconviction		# of Releases	Reconviction	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	178	26	14.6%	178	52	29.2%	176	68	38.6%
2011	167	19	11.4%	166	39	23.5%	165	52	31.5%
2012	142	25	17.6%	141	53	37.6%	141	61	43.3%
2013	156	28	17.9%	156	43	27.6%	156	58	37.2%
2014	378	62	16.4%	376	93	24.7%	376	127	33.8%
2015	523	105	20.1%	520	167	32.1%	520	209	40.2%
2016	550	112	20.4%	545	183	33.6%	543	218	40.1%
2017	477	94	19.7%	477	144	30.2%	-	-	-
2018	471	77	16.3%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	3,042	548	18.0%	2,559	774	30.2%	2,077	793	38.2%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Reconviction		# of Releases	Reconviction		# of Releases	Reconviction	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	178	28	15.7%	178	56	31.5%	178	80	44.9%
2011	167	27	16.2%	166	44	26.5%	164	60	36.6%
2012	142	29	20.4%	142	52	36.6%	141	65	46.1%
2013	157	27	17.2%	157	50	31.8%	157	69	43.9%
2014	376	88	23.4%	375	142	37.9%	374	172	46.0%
2015	528	112	21.2%	525	173	33.0%	524	216	41.2%
2016	545	114	20.9%	543	170	31.3%	539	204	37.8%
2017	477	88	18.4%	471	137	29.1%	-	-	-
2018	467	101	21.6%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	3,037	614	20.2%	2,557	824	32.2%	2,077	866	41.7%

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Table 6: Cognitive Behavioral Completion Reincarceration Rate Comparison

Completed Cognitive Behavioral									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	178	16	9.0%	178	49	27.5%	176	66	37.5%
2011	167	25	15.0%	166	50	30.1%	165	69	41.8%
2012	142	19	13.4%	141	45	31.9%	141	52	36.9%
2013	156	26	16.7%	156	49	31.4%	156	68	43.6%
2014	378	59	15.6%	376	114	30.3%	376	145	38.6%
2015	523	75	14.3%	520	172	33.1%	520	228	43.8%
2016	550	95	17.3%	545	206	37.8%	543	270	49.7%
2017	477	67	14.0%	477	159	33.3%	473	207	43.8%
2018	471	71	15.1%	468	142	30.3%	-	-	-
2019	419	41	9.8%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	3,461	494	14.3%	3,027	986	32.6%	2,550	1,105	43.3%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	178	20	11.2%	178	49	27.5%	178	73	41.0%
2011	167	30	18.0%	166	48	28.9%	164	67	40.9%
2012	142	28	19.7%	142	60	42.3%	141	68	48.2%
2013	157	32	20.4%	157	54	34.4%	157	76	48.4%
2014	376	62	16.5%	375	125	33.3%	374	169	45.2%
2015	528	87	16.5%	525	170	32.4%	524	218	41.6%
2016	545	97	17.8%	543	209	38.5%	539	262	48.6%
2017	477	86	18.0%	471	173	36.7%	466	204	43.8%
2018	467	95	20.3%	461	163	35.4%	-	-	-
2019	419	60	14.3%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	3,456	597	17.3%	3,018	1,051	34.8%	2,543	1,137	44.7%

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Table 7: Domestic Violence Completion Rearrest Rate Comparison

Completed Domestic Violence									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	122	30	24.6%	122	47	38.5%	122	63	51.6%
2011	108	25	23.1%	108	42	38.9%	108	53	49.1%
2012	133	27	20.3%	131	47	35.9%	131	65	49.6%
2013	152	38	25.0%	151	63	41.7%	151	74	49.0%
2014	129	34	26.4%	128	61	47.7%	127	74	58.3%
2015	168	46	27.4%	167	77	46.1%	166	88	53.0%
2016	197	54	27.4%	196	89	45.4%	195	107	54.9%
2017	159	56	35.2%	159	83	52.2%	-	-	-
2018	173	56	32.4%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,341	366	27.3%	1,162	509	43.8%	1,000	524	52.4%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	122	32	26.2%	122	55	45.1%	120	70	58.3%
2011	108	27	25.0%	107	46	43.0%	107	58	54.2%
2012	134	33	24.6%	133	54	40.6%	132	68	51.5%
2013	153	38	24.8%	153	71	46.4%	152	83	54.6%
2014	129	34	26.4%	129	57	44.2%	129	79	61.2%
2015	169	47	27.8%	167	74	44.3%	167	89	53.3%
2016	197	65	33.0%	195	91	46.7%	194	109	56.2%
2017	158	55	34.8%	156	80	51.3%	-	-	-
2018	176	45	25.6%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,346	376	27.9%	1,162	528	45.4%	1,001	556	55.5%

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Table 8: Domestic Violence Completion Recidivism Rate Comparison

Completed Domestic Violence									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Recidivism		# of Releases	Recidivism		# of Releases	Recidivism	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	122	19	15.6%	122	30	24.6%	122	42	34.4%
2011	108	14	13.0%	108	30	27.8%	108	37	34.3%
2012	133	20	15.0%	131	40	30.5%	131	51	38.9%
2013	152	26	17.1%	151	41	27.2%	151	54	35.8%
2014	129	24	18.6%	128	40	31.3%	127	47	37.0%
2015	168	32	19.0%	167	48	28.7%	166	60	36.1%
2016	197	33	16.8%	196	54	27.6%	195	74	37.9%
2017	159	32	20.1%	159	51	32.1%	-	-	-
2018	173	23	13.3%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,341	223	16.6%	1,162	334	28.7%	1,000	365	36.5%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Recidivism		# of Releases	Recidivism		# of Releases	Recidivism	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	122	20	16.4%	122	30	24.6%	120	40	33.3%
2011	108	15	13.9%	107	34	31.8%	107	44	41.1%
2012	134	18	13.4%	133	38	28.6%	132	52	39.4%
2013	153	25	16.3%	153	43	28.1%	152	59	38.8%
2014	129	24	18.6%	129	41	31.8%	129	51	39.5%
2015	169	34	20.1%	167	53	31.7%	167	68	40.7%
2016	197	41	20.8%	195	62	31.8%	194	75	38.7%
2017	158	35	22.2%	156	45	28.8%	-	-	-
2018	176	22	12.5%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,346	234	17.4%	1,162	346	29.8%	1,001	389	38.9%

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Table 9: Domestic Violence Completion Reincarceration Rate Comparison

Completed Domestic Violence									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	122	15	12.3%	122	24	19.7%	122	34	27.9%
2011	108	10	9.3%	108	25	23.1%	108	29	26.9%
2012	133	10	7.5%	131	29	22.1%	131	48	36.6%
2013	152	16	10.5%	151	38	25.2%	151	50	33.1%
2014	129	16	12.4%	128	33	25.8%	127	44	34.6%
2015	168	30	17.9%	167	55	32.9%	166	65	39.2%
2016	197	18	9.1%	196	49	25.0%	195	77	39.5%
2017	159	25	15.7%	159	59	37.1%	158	80	50.6%
2018	173	22	12.7%	173	42	24.3%	-	-	-
2019	170	17	10.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,511	179	11.8%	1,335	354	26.5%	1,158	427	36.9%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	122	17	13.9%	122	36	29.5%	120	44	36.7%
2011	108	19	17.6%	107	32	29.9%	107	40	37.4%
2012	134	15	11.2%	133	32	24.1%	132	45	34.1%
2013	153	24	15.7%	153	59	38.6%	152	68	44.7%
2014	129	18	14.0%	129	37	28.7%	129	49	38.0%
2015	169	28	16.6%	167	54	32.3%	167	71	42.5%
2016	197	37	18.8%	195	66	33.8%	194	89	45.9%
2017	158	25	15.8%	156	53	34.0%	156	64	41.0%
2018	176	23	13.1%	174	43	24.7%	-	-	-
2019	168	22	13.1%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,514	228	15.1%	1,336	412	30.8%	1,157	470	40.6%

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Table 10: Challenge Incarceration Program Completion Rearrest Rate Comparison

Completed Challenge Incarceration Program									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	120	35	29.2%	119	60	50.4%	119	78	65.5%
2011	105	37	35.2%	105	57	54.3%	105	66	62.9%
2012	95	32	33.7%	95	48	50.5%	95	54	56.8%
2013	83	22	26.5%	83	34	41.0%	83	49	59.0%
2014	79	22	27.8%	79	40	50.6%	78	47	60.3%
2015	72	26	36.1%	71	36	50.7%	71	44	62.0%
2016	76	33	43.4%	76	45	59.2%	75	55	73.3%
2017	67	26	38.8%	67	37	55.2%	-	-	-
2018	95	31	32.6%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	792	264	33.3%	695	357	51.4%	626	393	62.8%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	120	46	38.3%	120	70	58.3%	120	83	69.2%
2011	105	34	32.4%	105	56	53.3%	105	66	62.9%
2012	95	37	38.9%	95	56	58.9%	95	67	70.5%
2013	83	26	31.3%	83	42	50.6%	83	49	59.0%
2014	78	26	33.3%	78	38	48.7%	78	44	56.4%
2015	71	24	33.8%	71	40	56.3%	70	48	68.6%
2016	77	32	41.6%	77	42	54.5%	77	50	64.9%
2017	66	32	48.5%	65	43	66.2%	-	-	-
2018	93	30	32.3%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	788	287	36.4%	694	387	55.8%	628	407	64.8%

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Table 11: Challenge Incarceration Program Completion Reconviction Rate Comparison

Completed Challenge Incarceration Program									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Reconviction		# of Releases	Reconviction		# of Releases	Reconviction	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	120	19	15.8%	119	39	32.8%	119	54	45.4%
2011	105	26	24.8%	105	40	38.1%	105	51	48.6%
2012	95	12	12.6%	95	27	28.4%	95	32	33.7%
2013	83	10	12.0%	83	21	25.3%	83	32	38.6%
2014	79	20	25.3%	79	32	40.5%	78	35	44.9%
2015	72	18	25.0%	71	28	39.4%	71	36	50.7%
2016	76	15	19.7%	76	24	31.6%	75	38	50.7%
2017	67	16	23.9%	67	27	40.3%	-	-	-
2018	95	16	16.8%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	792	152	19.2%	695	238	34.2%	626	278	44.4%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Reconviction		# of Releases	Reconviction		# of Releases	Reconviction	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	120	22	18.3%	120	39	32.5%	120	47	39.2%
2011	105	22	21.0%	105	42	40.0%	105	51	48.6%
2012	95	18	18.9%	95	31	32.6%	95	44	46.3%
2013	83	18	21.7%	83	31	37.3%	83	37	44.6%
2014	78	19	24.4%	78	27	34.6%	78	30	38.5%
2015	71	15	21.1%	71	24	33.8%	70	30	42.9%
2016	77	26	33.8%	77	31	40.3%	77	37	48.1%
2017	66	17	25.8%	65	25	38.5%	-	-	-
2018	93	26	28.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	788	183	23.2%	694	250	36.0%	628	276	43.9%

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Table 12: Challenge Incarceration Program Completion Recarceration Rate Comparison

Completed Challenge Incarceration Program									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	120	15	12.5%	119	34	28.6%	119	45	37.8%
2011	105	18	17.1%	105	43	41.0%	105	49	46.7%
2012	95	6	6.3%	95	27	28.4%	95	36	37.9%
2013	83	10	12.0%	83	24	28.9%	83	36	43.4%
2014	79	11	13.9%	79	28	35.4%	78	34	43.6%
2015	72	9	12.5%	71	24	33.8%	71	34	47.9%
2016	76	10	13.2%	76	25	32.9%	75	37	49.3%
2017	67	9	13.4%	67	20	29.9%	65	29	44.6%
2018	95	11	11.6%	94	29	30.9%	-	-	-
2019	81	9	11.1%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	873	108	12.4%	789	254	32.2%	691	300	43.4%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	120	15	12.5%	120	35	29.2%	120	50	41.7%
2011	105	13	12.4%	105	34	32.4%	105	44	41.9%
2012	95	12	12.6%	95	30	31.6%	95	36	37.9%
2013	83	11	13.3%	83	28	33.7%	83	38	45.8%
2014	78	8	10.3%	78	21	26.9%	78	27	34.6%
2015	71	8	11.3%	71	23	32.4%	70	29	41.4%
2016	77	10	13.0%	77	23	29.9%	77	35	45.5%
2017	66	12	18.2%	65	26	40.0%	65	38	58.5%
2018	93	23	24.7%	93	36	38.7%	-	-	-
2019	82	14	17.1%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	870	126	14.5%	787	256	32.5%	693	297	42.9%

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Table 13: Earned Release Program Completion Rearrest Rate Comparison

Completed Earned Release Program									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	145	32	22.1%	144	56	38.9%	144	74	51.4%
2011	132	27	20.5%	131	58	44.3%	130	71	54.6%
2012	124	28	22.6%	124	51	41.1%	124	61	49.2%
2013	113	21	18.6%	111	37	33.3%	111	50	45.0%
2014	96	24	25.0%	96	46	47.9%	95	55	57.9%
2015	97	20	20.6%	96	34	35.4%	96	43	44.8%
2016	114	29	25.4%	114	55	48.2%	112	59	52.7%
2017	107	17	15.9%	104	37	35.6%	-	-	-
2018	135	40	29.6%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,063	238	22.4%	920	374	40.7%	812	413	50.9%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	145	51	35.2%	145	80	55.2%	145	96	66.2%
2011	132	39	29.5%	130	63	48.5%	129	71	55.0%
2012	126	38	30.2%	126	58	46.0%	126	73	57.9%
2013	111	26	23.4%	111	49	44.1%	110	61	55.5%
2014	96	28	29.2%	96	48	50.0%	96	63	65.6%
2015	95	25	26.3%	95	43	45.3%	95	52	54.7%
2016	114	20	17.5%	113	41	36.3%	113	57	50.4%
2017	108	33	30.6%	106	53	50.0%	-	-	-
2018	131	44	33.6%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,058	304	28.7%	922	435	47.2%	814	473	58.1%

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Table 14: Earned Release Program Completion Recidivism Rate Comparison

Completed Earned Release Program									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Recidivism		# of Releases	Recidivism		# of Releases	Recidivism	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	145	14	9.7%	144	26	18.1%	144	42	29.2%
2011	132	15	11.4%	131	43	32.8%	130	51	39.2%
2012	124	17	13.7%	124	31	25.0%	124	42	33.9%
2013	113	15	13.3%	111	23	20.7%	111	33	29.7%
2014	96	16	16.7%	96	28	29.2%	95	39	41.1%
2015	97	14	14.4%	96	26	27.1%	96	35	36.5%
2016	114	20	17.5%	114	42	36.8%	112	49	43.8%
2017	107	13	12.1%	104	21	20.2%	-	-	-
2018	135	23	17.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,063	147	13.8%	920	240	26.1%	812	291	35.8%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Recidivism		# of Releases	Recidivism		# of Releases	Recidivism	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	145	31	21.4%	145	50	34.5%	145	66	45.5%
2011	132	23	17.4%	130	39	30.0%	129	48	37.2%
2012	126	26	20.6%	126	45	35.7%	126	57	45.2%
2013	111	15	13.5%	111	30	27.0%	110	40	36.4%
2014	96	20	20.8%	96	32	33.3%	96	41	42.7%
2015	95	18	18.9%	95	27	28.4%	95	32	33.7%
2016	114	12	10.5%	113	22	19.5%	113	35	31.0%
2017	108	19	17.6%	106	29	27.4%	-	-	-
2018	131	30	22.9%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,058	194	18.3%	922	274	29.7%	814	319	39.2%

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Table 15: Earned Release Program Completion Reincarceration Rate Comparison

Completed Earned Release Program									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	145	10	6.9%	144	28	19.4%	144	36	25.0%
2011	132	11	8.3%	131	30	22.9%	130	54	41.5%
2012	124	8	6.5%	124	26	21.0%	124	42	33.9%
2013	113	10	8.8%	111	19	17.1%	111	23	20.7%
2014	96	11	11.5%	96	19	19.8%	95	38	40.0%
2015	97	12	12.4%	96	25	26.0%	96	37	38.5%
2016	114	13	11.4%	114	35	30.7%	112	53	47.3%
2017	107	11	10.3%	104	27	26.0%	103	29	28.2%
2018	135	19	14.1%	135	38	28.1%	-	-	-
2019	124	10	8.1%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,187	115	9.7%	1,055	247	23.4%	915	312	34.1%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	145	19	13.1%	145	41	28.3%	145	56	38.6%
2011	132	11	8.3%	130	32	24.6%	129	43	33.3%
2012	126	20	15.9%	126	44	34.9%	126	54	42.9%
2013	111	12	10.8%	111	24	21.6%	110	30	27.3%
2014	96	14	14.6%	96	25	26.0%	96	34	35.4%
2015	95	11	11.6%	95	25	26.3%	95	34	35.8%
2016	114	8	7.0%	113	31	27.4%	113	41	36.3%
2017	108	10	9.3%	106	27	25.5%	106	36	34.0%
2018	131	25	19.1%	130	37	28.5%	-	-	-
2019	123	13	10.6%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,181	143	12.1%	1,052	286	27.2%	920	328	35.7%

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Table 16: Substance Use Disorder Completion Rearrest Rate Comparison

Completed Substance Use Disorder									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	558	144	25.8%	557	249	44.7%	555	306	55.1%
2011	511	132	25.8%	509	202	39.7%	505	259	51.3%
2012	485	115	23.7%	477	187	39.2%	476	233	48.9%
2013	463	107	23.1%	462	191	41.3%	457	245	53.6%
2014	451	117	25.9%	449	172	38.3%	448	214	47.8%
2015	442	104	23.5%	441	170	38.5%	439	207	47.2%
2016	481	136	28.3%	478	201	42.1%	476	253	53.2%
2017	466	114	24.5%	459	175	38.1%	-	-	-
2018	509	154	30.3%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	4,366	1,123	25.7%	3,832	1,547	40.4%	3,356	1,717	51.2%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	558	170	30.5%	556	279	50.2%	555	326	58.7%
2011	514	161	31.3%	511	242	47.4%	511	282	55.2%
2012	482	151	31.3%	482	224	46.5%	480	283	59.0%
2013	467	143	30.6%	466	204	43.8%	465	245	52.7%
2014	452	128	28.3%	451	203	45.0%	450	240	53.3%
2015	439	145	33.0%	436	209	47.9%	434	258	59.4%
2016	476	133	27.9%	468	192	41.0%	464	234	50.4%
2017	470	131	27.9%	466	190	40.8%	-	-	-
2018	510	158	31.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	4,368	1,320	30.2%	3,836	1,743	45.4%	3,359	1,868	55.6%

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Table 17: Substance Use Disorder Completion Recidivism Rate Comparison

Completed Substance Use Disorder									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Recidivism		# of Releases	Recidivism		# of Releases	Recidivism	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	558	84	15.1%	557	145	26.0%	555	197	35.5%
2011	511	73	14.3%	509	126	24.8%	505	165	32.7%
2012	485	68	14.0%	477	114	23.9%	476	155	32.6%
2013	463	70	15.1%	462	120	26.0%	457	160	35.0%
2014	451	85	18.8%	449	115	25.6%	448	151	33.7%
2015	442	69	15.6%	441	112	25.4%	439	146	33.3%
2016	481	97	20.2%	478	139	29.1%	476	174	36.6%
2017	466	71	15.2%	459	115	25.1%	-	-	-
2018	509	88	17.3%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	4,366	705	16.1%	3,832	986	25.7%	3,356	1,148	34.2%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Recidivism		# of Releases	Recidivism		# of Releases	Recidivism	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	558	93	16.7%	556	170	30.6%	555	211	38.0%
2011	514	88	17.1%	511	147	28.8%	511	182	35.6%
2012	482	91	18.9%	482	152	31.5%	480	192	40.0%
2013	467	71	15.2%	466	126	27.0%	465	172	37.0%
2014	452	84	18.6%	451	133	29.5%	450	160	35.6%
2015	439	91	20.7%	436	141	32.3%	434	177	40.8%
2016	476	81	17.0%	468	121	25.9%	464	153	33.0%
2017	470	82	17.4%	466	116	24.9%	-	-	-
2018	510	96	18.8%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	4,368	777	17.8%	3,836	1,106	28.8%	3,359	1,247	37.1%

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Table 18: Substance Use Disorder Completion Reincarceration Rate Comparison

Completed Substance Use Disorder									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	558	67	12.0%	557	159	28.5%	555	211	38.0%
2011	511	48	9.4%	509	125	24.6%	505	174	34.5%
2012	485	57	11.8%	477	119	24.9%	476	160	33.6%
2013	463	66	14.3%	462	131	28.4%	457	177	38.7%
2014	451	69	15.3%	449	127	28.3%	448	168	37.5%
2015	442	57	12.9%	441	113	25.6%	439	155	35.3%
2016	481	71	14.8%	478	150	31.4%	476	194	40.8%
2017	466	50	10.7%	459	123	26.8%	454	152	33.5%
2018	509	66	13.0%	499	135	27.1%	-	-	-
2019	476	42	8.8%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	4,842	593	12.2%	4,331	1,182	27.3%	3,810	1,391	36.5%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	558	74	13.3%	556	162	29.1%	555	229	41.3%
2011	514	85	16.5%	511	162	31.7%	511	212	41.5%
2012	482	91	18.9%	482	175	36.3%	480	203	42.3%
2013	467	71	15.2%	466	152	32.6%	465	184	39.6%
2014	452	63	13.9%	451	143	31.7%	450	175	38.9%
2015	439	93	21.2%	436	164	37.6%	434	211	48.6%
2016	476	83	17.4%	468	146	31.2%	464	197	42.5%
2017	470	67	14.3%	466	149	32.0%	462	183	39.6%
2018	510	86	16.9%	509	163	32.0%	-	-	-
2019	476	48	10.1%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	4,844	761	15.7%	4,345	1,416	32.6%	3,821	1,594	41.7%

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Table 19: Sex Offender Treatment Completion Rearrest Rate Comparison

Completed Sex Offender Treatment									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	107	5	4.7%	107	13	12.1%	107	18	16.8%
2011	116	10	8.6%	116	21	18.1%	116	29	25.0%
2012	118	11	9.3%	118	15	12.7%	117	21	17.9%
2013	97	11	11.3%	97	17	17.5%	97	19	19.6%
2014	93	6	6.5%	93	14	15.1%	92	15	16.3%
2015	91	4	4.4%	90	9	10.0%	90	18	20.0%
2016	85	7	8.2%	85	11	12.9%	84	13	15.5%
2017	78	4	5.1%	77	8	10.4%	-	-	-
2018	88	9	10.2%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	873	67	7.7%	783	108	13.8%	703	133	18.9%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	107	11	10.3%	107	17	15.9%	107	26	24.3%
2011	116	11	9.5%	116	17	14.7%	116	25	21.6%
2012	120	11	9.2%	119	18	15.1%	118	23	19.5%
2013	97	12	12.4%	97	17	17.5%	97	21	21.6%
2014	94	10	10.6%	92	19	20.7%	92	25	27.2%
2015	92	13	14.1%	91	18	19.8%	89	26	29.2%
2016	86	7	8.1%	86	13	15.1%	84	17	20.2%
2017	77	12	15.6%	77	15	19.5%	-	-	-
2018	86	10	11.6%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	875	97	11.1%	785	134	17.1%	703	163	23.2%

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Table 20: Sex Offender Treatment Completion Recidivism Rate Comparison

Completed Sex Offender Treatment									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Recidivism		# of Releases	Recidivism		# of Releases	Recidivism	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	107	5	4.7%	107	11	10.3%	107	14	13.1%
2011	116	6	5.2%	116	14	12.1%	116	18	15.5%
2012	118	3	2.5%	118	10	8.5%	117	14	12.0%
2013	97	7	7.2%	97	12	12.4%	97	12	12.4%
2014	93	4	4.3%	93	9	9.7%	92	10	10.9%
2015	91	4	4.4%	90	9	10.0%	90	12	13.3%
2016	85	2	2.4%	85	4	4.7%	84	5	6.0%
2017	78	2	2.6%	77	4	5.2%	-	-	-
2018	88	3	3.4%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	873	36	4.1%	783	73	9.3%	703	85	12.1%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Recidivism		# of Releases	Recidivism		# of Releases	Recidivism	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	107	8	7.5%	107	13	12.1%	107	18	16.8%
2011	116	8	6.9%	116	12	10.3%	116	17	14.7%
2012	120	8	6.7%	119	13	10.9%	118	17	14.4%
2013	97	5	5.2%	97	9	9.3%	97	12	12.4%
2014	94	5	5.3%	92	12	13.0%	92	14	15.2%
2015	92	6	6.5%	91	9	9.9%	89	13	14.6%
2016	86	5	5.8%	86	11	12.8%	84	14	16.7%
2017	77	7	9.1%	77	10	13.0%	-	-	-
2018	86	6	7.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	875	58	6.6%	785	89	11.3%	703	105	14.9%

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Table 21: Sex Offender Treatment Completion Reincarceration Rate Comparison

Completed Sex Offender Treatment									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	107	14	13.1%	107	27	25.2%	107	37	34.6%
2011	116	16	13.8%	116	33	28.4%	116	39	33.6%
2012	118	16	13.6%	118	36	30.5%	117	46	39.3%
2013	97	14	14.4%	97	27	27.8%	97	35	36.1%
2014	93	15	16.1%	93	20	21.5%	92	28	30.4%
2015	91	9	9.9%	90	20	22.2%	90	28	31.1%
2016	85	3	3.5%	85	11	12.9%	84	20	23.8%
2017	78	6	7.7%	77	12	15.6%	77	17	22.1%
2018	88	7	8.0%	88	12	13.6%	-	-	-
2019	129	6	4.7%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,002	106	10.6%	871	198	22.7%	780	250	32.1%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	107	17	15.9%	107	36	33.6%	107	44	41.1%
2011	116	16	13.8%	116	31	26.7%	116	42	36.2%
2012	120	20	16.7%	119	33	27.7%	118	41	34.7%
2013	97	13	13.4%	97	29	29.9%	97	35	36.1%
2014	94	16	17.0%	92	30	32.6%	92	34	37.0%
2015	92	12	13.0%	91	27	29.7%	89	32	36.0%
2016	86	13	15.1%	86	28	32.6%	84	36	42.9%
2017	77	8	10.4%	77	26	33.8%	77	28	36.4%
2018	86	15	17.4%	86	23	26.7%	-	-	-
2019	126	12	9.5%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,001	142	14.2%	871	263	30.2%	780	292	37.4%

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Table 22: Adult Education Completion Rearrest Rate Comparison

Completed Adult Education									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	157	37	23.6%	157	72	45.9%	157	91	58.0%
2011	143	38	26.6%	143	55	38.5%	142	68	47.9%
2012	146	34	23.3%	144	53	36.8%	143	63	44.1%
2013	134	43	32.1%	133	60	45.1%	132	70	53.0%
2014	122	34	27.9%	122	55	45.1%	122	65	53.3%
2015	136	36	26.5%	134	56	41.8%	134	70	52.2%
2016	120	22	18.3%	120	42	35.0%	117	52	44.4%
2017	110	26	23.6%	110	38	34.5%	-	-	-
2018	121	32	26.4%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,189	302	25.4%	1,063	431	40.5%	947	479	50.6%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	157	46	29.3%	157	72	45.9%	157	94	59.9%
2011	143	41	28.7%	143	70	49.0%	142	89	62.7%
2012	146	42	28.8%	146	64	43.8%	146	82	56.2%
2013	133	39	29.3%	133	63	47.4%	133	74	55.6%
2014	120	35	29.2%	120	53	44.2%	120	65	54.2%
2015	138	41	29.7%	136	60	44.1%	136	74	54.4%
2016	120	35	29.2%	120	52	43.3%	120	59	49.2%
2017	109	27	24.8%	105	46	43.8%	-	-	-
2018	120	42	35.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,186	348	29.3%	1,060	480	45.3%	954	537	56.3%

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Table 23: Adult Education Completion Recidivism Rate Comparison

Completed Adult Education									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Recidivism		# of Releases	Recidivism		# of Releases	Recidivism	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	157	25	15.9%	157	42	26.8%	157	57	36.3%
2011	143	17	11.9%	143	31	21.7%	142	44	31.0%
2012	146	13	8.9%	144	28	19.4%	143	41	28.7%
2013	134	21	15.7%	133	32	24.1%	132	51	38.6%
2014	122	24	19.7%	122	38	31.1%	122	42	34.4%
2015	136	18	13.2%	134	27	20.1%	134	39	29.1%
2016	120	16	13.3%	120	30	25.0%	117	33	28.2%
2017	110	13	11.8%	110	18	16.4%	-	-	-
2018	121	13	10.7%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,189	160	13.5%	1,063	246	23.1%	947	307	32.4%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Recidivism		# of Releases	Recidivism		# of Releases	Recidivism	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	157	23	14.6%	157	39	24.8%	157	52	33.1%
2011	143	20	14.0%	143	44	30.8%	142	58	40.8%
2012	146	17	11.6%	146	33	22.6%	146	45	30.8%
2013	133	24	18.0%	133	41	30.8%	133	54	40.6%
2014	120	19	15.8%	120	30	25.0%	120	41	34.2%
2015	138	22	15.9%	136	35	25.7%	136	44	32.4%
2016	120	23	19.2%	120	35	29.2%	120	43	35.8%
2017	109	20	18.3%	105	28	26.7%	-	-	-
2018	120	23	19.2%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,186	191	16.1%	1,060	285	26.9%	954	337	35.3%

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Table 24: Adult Education Completion Reincarceration Rate Comparison

Completed Adult Education									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	157	15	9.6%	157	34	21.7%	157	54	34.4%
2011	143	20	14.0%	143	44	30.8%	142	53	37.3%
2012	146	14	9.6%	144	34	23.6%	143	49	34.3%
2013	134	18	13.4%	133	38	28.6%	132	60	45.5%
2014	122	26	21.3%	122	44	36.1%	122	51	41.8%
2015	136	16	11.8%	134	33	24.6%	134	47	35.1%
2016	120	17	14.2%	120	39	32.5%	117	48	41.0%
2017	110	14	12.7%	110	31	28.2%	110	39	35.5%
2018	121	19	15.7%	121	33	27.3%	-	-	-
2019	115	15	13.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,304	174	13.3%	1,184	330	27.9%	1,057	401	37.9%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	157	20	12.7%	157	45	28.7%	157	62	39.5%
2011	143	24	16.8%	143	45	31.5%	142	58	40.8%
2012	146	21	14.4%	146	50	34.2%	146	61	41.8%
2013	133	20	15.0%	133	45	33.8%	133	59	44.4%
2014	120	20	16.7%	120	36	30.0%	120	45	37.5%
2015	138	22	15.9%	136	41	30.1%	136	54	39.7%
2016	120	20	16.7%	120	40	33.3%	120	51	42.5%
2017	109	18	16.5%	105	35	33.3%	105	40	38.1%
2018	120	26	21.7%	119	40	33.6%	-	-	-
2019	117	18	15.4%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,303	209	16.0%	1,179	377	32.0%	1,059	430	40.6%

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Table 25: Career Technical Education (Vocational) Completion Rearrest Rate Comparison

Completed Career Technical Education (Vocational)									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	500	103	20.6%	500	181	36.2%	500	231	46.2%
2011	575	127	22.1%	574	213	37.1%	570	259	45.4%
2012	606	126	20.8%	602	201	33.4%	602	256	42.5%
2013	616	157	25.5%	614	237	38.6%	611	290	47.5%
2014	639	139	21.8%	636	221	34.7%	635	273	43.0%
2015	670	157	23.4%	665	250	37.6%	659	294	44.6%
2016	657	147	22.4%	652	250	38.3%	651	298	45.8%
2017	603	140	23.2%	602	212	35.2%	-	-	-
2018	654	141	21.6%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	5,520	1,237	22.4%	4,845	1,765	36.4%	4,228	1,901	45.0%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest		# of Releases	Rearrest	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	500	114	22.8%	498	199	40.0%	497	250	50.3%
2011	575	139	24.2%	573	221	38.6%	571	280	49.0%
2012	607	160	26.4%	601	263	43.8%	599	319	53.3%
2013	620	165	26.6%	617	256	41.5%	616	312	50.6%
2014	637	159	25.0%	635	254	40.0%	632	306	48.4%
2015	668	168	25.1%	664	252	38.0%	663	308	46.5%
2016	656	182	27.7%	653	271	41.5%	651	317	48.7%
2017	602	138	22.9%	599	221	36.9%	-	-	-
2018	655	144	22.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	5,520	1,369	24.8%	4,840	1,937	40.0%	4,229	2,092	49.5%

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Table 26: Career Technical Education (Vocational) Completion Recidivism Rate Comparison

Completed Career Technical Education (Vocational)									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Recidivism		# of Releases	Recidivism		# of Releases	Recidivism	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	500	42	8.4%	500	89	17.8%	500	134	26.8%
2011	575	80	13.9%	574	140	24.4%	570	171	30.0%
2012	606	81	13.4%	602	140	23.3%	602	186	30.9%
2013	616	86	14.0%	614	145	23.6%	611	202	33.1%
2014	639	85	13.3%	636	147	23.1%	635	178	28.0%
2015	670	95	14.2%	665	145	21.8%	659	183	27.8%
2016	657	103	15.7%	652	170	26.1%	651	206	31.6%
2017	603	79	13.1%	602	127	21.1%	-	-	-
2018	654	73	11.2%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	5,520	724	13.1%	4,845	1,103	22.8%	4,228	1,260	29.8%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Recidivism		# of Releases	Recidivism		# of Releases	Recidivism	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	500	65	13.0%	498	118	23.7%	497	153	30.8%
2011	575	80	13.9%	573	137	23.9%	571	187	32.7%
2012	607	99	16.3%	601	172	28.6%	599	213	35.6%
2013	620	96	15.5%	617	162	26.3%	616	207	33.6%
2014	637	97	15.2%	635	158	24.9%	632	203	32.1%
2015	668	105	15.7%	664	164	24.7%	663	207	31.2%
2016	656	124	18.9%	653	192	29.4%	651	232	35.6%
2017	602	88	14.6%	599	137	22.9%	-	-	-
2018	655	82	12.5%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	5,520	836	15.1%	4,840	1,240	25.6%	4,229	1,402	33.2%

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Table 27: Career Technical Education (Vocational) Completion Recarceration Rate Comparison

Completed Career Technical Education (Vocational)									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	500	57	11.4%	500	122	24.4%	500	172	34.4%
2011	575	65	11.3%	574	154	26.8%	570	200	35.1%
2012	606	89	14.7%	602	181	30.1%	602	230	38.2%
2013	616	77	12.5%	614	151	24.6%	611	209	34.2%
2014	639	75	11.7%	636	165	25.9%	635	221	34.8%
2015	670	78	11.6%	665	180	27.1%	659	233	35.4%
2016	657	74	11.3%	652	183	28.1%	651	250	38.4%
2017	603	67	11.1%	602	167	27.7%	598	195	32.6%
2018	654	73	11.2%	647	153	23.6%	-	-	-
2019	672	60	8.9%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	6,192	715	11.5%	5,492	1,456	26.5%	4,826	1,710	35.4%
Control Group									
Release Year	1-Year Follow-up			2-Year Follow-up			3-Year Follow-up		
	# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration		# of Releases	Reincarceration	
		#	%		#	%		#	%
2010	500	68	13.6%	498	152	30.5%	497	197	39.6%
2011	575	83	14.4%	573	162	28.3%	571	229	40.1%
2012	607	78	12.9%	601	167	27.8%	599	225	37.6%
2013	620	84	13.5%	617	188	30.5%	616	248	40.3%
2014	637	96	15.1%	635	195	30.7%	632	261	41.3%
2015	668	103	15.4%	664	193	29.1%	663	258	38.9%
2016	656	104	15.9%	653	207	31.7%	651	282	43.3%
2017	602	77	12.8%	599	166	27.7%	594	213	35.9%
2018	655	103	15.7%	649	179	27.6%	-	-	-
2019	675	76	11.3%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	6,195	872	14.1%	5,489	1,609	29.3%	4,823	1,913	39.7%