
 <p style="text-align: center;">WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Division of Juvenile Corrections</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Policy and Procedure</p>	EFFECTIVE DATE 03/16/2021	PAGE NUMBER 1 of 4
	DJC POLICY # 100.04.06	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> New <input type="checkbox"/> Revision Original Date:
	ORIGINATED BY Ron E. Hermes, Administrator X  Date Signed: 03/16/2021	
DISSEMINATION	<input type="checkbox"/> Guidance Document	<input type="checkbox"/> Additional Competency Required
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> All Staff <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted from Printing <input type="checkbox"/> Facilities <input type="checkbox"/> Field Offices <input type="checkbox"/> Health Services	REPLACES POLICY 500.11.06	
SUBJECT: Naloxone Use		

Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for the use of Naloxone/Narcan for opioid-related drug overdose for Division of Juvenile Corrections (DJC) employees.

Policy

The Division of Juvenile Corrections shall provide direction in the acquisition, training and utilization of approved Naloxone/Narcan.

References

Wisconsin Statutes s. 256.40(1)(d) – Opioid antagonists. (d) "Opioid-related drug overdose" means a condition including extreme physical illness, decreased level of consciousness, respiratory depression, coma, or the ceasing of respiratory or circulatory function resulting from the consumption or use of an opioid, or another substance with which an opioid was combined.

Wisconsin Statutes s. 256.40(3)(b) – Opioid antagonists. (b) A law enforcement officer or fire fighter who, reasonably believing another person to be undergoing an opioid-related drug overdose, administers naloxone or another opioid antagonist to that person shall be immune from civil or criminal liability for any outcomes resulting from the administration of the opioid antagonist to that person, if the law enforcement officer or fire fighter is acting pursuant to an agreement and any training obtained under par. (a).

Executive Directive 60 - Response to Emergencies at Wisconsin Correctional Facilities Including those Requiring Basic Life Support and the Use of Automated External Defibrillators

DJC Policy 300.08.09 – Emergency Services CPR and AED Use

DJC Policy 100.01.03 – Incident Reporting and Notification

Definitions, Acronyms, and Forms

AED – Automated External Defibrillator

BLS – Basic Life Support

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CPR – Cardiopulmonary resuscitation

DJC – Division of Juvenile Corrections

DOC – Department of Corrections

EMS – Emergency Management System

J-Tracker – Juvenile Management Information System

Naloxone – A medication that acts as an opioid antagonist and counters the effects of opioid overdoses. It is marketed under the trade name Narcan.

Opiate/Opioid – Opiates and opioids (hereinafter referred to as “opioids”) are drugs that are derived from opium or its derivatives, or other classes of drugs that mimic opium derivatives. Legally administered opioids, such as morphine, methadone, oxycodone and hydrocodone, are narcotics most often used to treat pain and opioid addiction.

Opioid Overdose – an opioid-related drug overdose is “a condition including extreme physical illness, decreased level of consciousness, respiratory depression, coma, or the ceasing of respiratory or circulatory function resulting from the consumption or use of an opioid or another substance with which an opioid was combined.”

Procedure

I. General Guidelines

A. DJC Facilities and Field Offices shall develop a procedure outlining:

1. Staff authorized to carry DOC approved Naloxone. All staff identified shall receive Naloxone carry/use training.
2. Provide training in the applicable policies and state statutes, appropriate use and aftercare, and proper documentation of incidents in which Naloxone has been used.
3. Procurement, proper storage, inventory, and tracking of approved Naloxone.

II. Training

An annual refresher training related to Naloxone shall be provided to the identified staff.

III. Procedure for Administering Naloxone

A. Staff shall use standard precautions to protect themselves from pathogens and communicable disease. Appropriate Personal Protective Equipment may include:

1. Gloves – nitrile gloves preferred
2. Dust (or filtering) mask
3. Eye protection
4. CPR barrier mask (for staff trained in BLS)

B. Staff shall conduct an assessment of the subject to check for responsiveness by shouting and shaking the person.

1. If no signs of life (breathing or movement) activate EMS and follow facility or field procedure. Initiate CPR & attach the AED.

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2. Staff shall also take into account statements from witnesses regarding drug use and evidence of drug use observed at the scene.
- C. If staff suspects an opiate overdose, a single dose of Nasal Naloxone shall be administered.
 - D. Staff may administer a second dose of Nasal Naloxone after three minutes via alternate nostril if subject is not breathing independently.
 - E. Staff shall be aware that a rapid reversal of an opiate overdose may cause projectile vomiting by the subject and/or violent behavior.
 - F. The subject shall continue to be observed and treated to the level of staff training as the situation dictates.
 - G. If there is no response following the administration of the Nasal Naloxone, staff shall continue with CPR/AED until advanced assistance arrives.
 - H. Upon arrival EMS, the treating staff member shall immediately report that he or she has administered Nasal Naloxone, the time of dosage(s), and the number of doses administered.
 - I. The subject receiving Nasal Naloxone shall be transported by EMS to an off-site medical care facility for additional evaluation/treatment.
- IV. Reporting Nasal Naloxone Use
- Staff administering DOC issued Nasal Naloxone shall complete a J-Tracker incident report documenting the event.

Cc: Office of the Secretary
DJC Leadership Team

Division of Juvenile Corrections Facility/Region Implementation Procedure	
Facility/Region:	
DJC Policy Number: 100.04.06	
Subject: Naloxone Use	
New Effective Date: 03/16/2021	Original Effective Date:
Will Implement: <input type="checkbox"/> As Written <input type="checkbox"/> With following procedures for facility implementation	
Superintendent's/Regional Chief's Approval:	

REFERENCES

DEFINITIONS, ACRONYMS, AND FORMS

FACILITY PROCEDURE

- I.
 - A.
 - B.
 - 1.
 - 2.
 - a.
 - b.
 - c.
 - 3.
 - C.

- II.

- III.

RESPONSIBILITY

- I. Staff

- II. Youth

- III. Other